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8880 W. Sunset Rd., Suite 250, Las Vegas, NV 89148

## Section 1 IRA Owner Information

First Name  MI  Last Name  Date of Birth (mm/dd/yyyy)

Email  Last Four Digits of Social Security Number  Account Number

Account Type (Select one)  Traditional IRA  Roth IRA

## Section 2 Processing Options

If you would like expedited processing, please select one of the options below. If no option is selected, "Normal Processing" will apply. Processing fees will be paid from the cash available in your account unless you indicate otherwise. See the current Fee Schedule for applicable fees.

For "Next-Day" or "Same-Day" Service, all documents must be received, and in good order, by 10 a.m. PST.

**Normal Processing** Processed within three business days.  **Next-Day Service** Processed by 4 p.m. PST next business day.  **Same-Day Service** Processed within the same day.

I elect to pay the fees related to this transaction with the credit card I have on file. (If you do **NOT** have a credit card on file, please add a credit card to your online profile. If no credit card is on file, fees will be paid from the cash in your account.)

## Section 3 Excess Contribution Information

Excess Contribution Amount \$

Excess Contribution Date  Contributed for Tax Year

Excess Contribution Reason (Select one)

- True Excess.** (Your contribution exceeded the annual contribution limit, your earned income, or the income restrictions associated with a Roth IRA contribution.)
- Deemed Excess.** (You were eligible to make the contribution but want to remove it as an excess before the deadline.)

The deadline to remove an excess and avoid the excess contribution penalty tax is your federal income tax filing deadline, including extensions (generally no later than October 15), of the year for which the contribution was made. The correction procedure used depends on the timing of the excess removal.

Indicate the timing of the excess contribution removal. (Select one)

- Excess Removal Before Deadline.** Remove the excess contribution and the net income attributable. (Total distribution amount from page 4.) \$
- Excess Removal After Deadline.** Remove only the excess contribution amount identified above. (Only true excess contributions may be removed after the deadline.)

## Section 4 Distribution Amount

Distribute the requested amount as follows, provided there are no past-due fees on my account. See current Fee Schedule for applicable fees.

**Option A:** Total Distribution of Entire Account and Close Account  
Termination and re-registration fees may apply.

**Option B:** Partial Distribution  
All accounts are required to maintain a minimum cash balance of \$500. If your request would drop your cash balance below this amount, your request may not be processed.

Cash (Gross amount) \$

Re-register the following asset Asset Name  Amount \$

## Section 5

## Withholding Election (Form W-4R/OMB No. 1545-0074)

### Federal Withholding

Your withholding rate is determined by the type of payment you will receive.

For nonperiodic payments, the default withholding rate is 10%. You can choose to have a different rate by entering a rate between 0% and 100% below. Generally, you can't choose less than 10% for payments to be delivered outside the United States and its possessions. (See the Withholding Instructions for more information.)

Complete this section if you would like a rate of withholding that is different from the default withholding rate. See the instructions and the Marginal Rate Tables that follow for additional information. Enter the rate as a whole number (no decimals).

Withhold  %

**State Withholding** (If applicable, select one) The following states do not allow withholding: AK, FL, NV, SD, TX, WA, and WY.

Name of Withholding State

Withhold State Income Tax of  % from the amount withdrawn.

Withhold State Income Tax of \$  from the amount withdrawn.

**DO NOT** Withhold State Income Tax. (Varies by state; please check your state's laws to determine applicability.)

I understand that I am still liable for the payment of state income tax on the amount of any distributions received and that I may be subject to penalties if my payments are insufficient.

## Section 6

## Payment Method

Additional fees may apply if delivered outside the U.S. See the current Fee Schedule for all applicable fees.

**Option 1:** Mail a check to the following payee

Payee Name

Payee Tax ID Number

Address

City

State

Zip

Check Delivery Options:  Regular Mail  Priority Mail  Overnight Mail  I Will Pick Up

**Option 2:** Wire or ACH funds directly to the payee's bank

*If the ABA routing number provided accepts both wire and ACH transactions and the box below is not checked, funds will be sent as a wire. If the ABA routing number provided is not for a wire account, funds will be sent as an ACH.*

Bank Name

I have attached separate wire instructions

Bank Address

City

State

Zip

Payee Name (On bank account)

Payee Tax ID Number

Payee Address

City

State

Zip

Account Number  Checking  Savings

ABA Routing Number  Wire  ACH

**Important: Please read before signing.**

I certify that I am authorized to take distributions from this IRA and that all information provided by me is true and accurate. No tax advice has been given to me by the custodian. All decisions regarding this distribution are my own, and I expressly assume responsibility for any consequences that may arise from this distribution. I agree that the custodian is not responsible for any consequences that may arise from processing this distribution request.

**X**\_\_\_\_\_  
IRA Owner Signature\_\_\_\_\_  
IRA Owner Name *(Please type or print)*\_\_\_\_\_  
Date *(mm/dd/yyyy)***Congratulations! You are now able to submit your completed request.**

Before you submit this form please review all completed information prior to signing. When ready, mail, email, or fax this completed form to:

**Mail to:** Provident Trust Group  
8880 W. Sunset Rd., Suite 250  
Las Vegas, NV 89148

**Email to:** [distributions@trustprovident.com](mailto:distributions@trustprovident.com)

**Fax to:** (702) 253-7565

## Determining Net Income Attributable

When removing an excess contribution before the deadline, the net income attributable to the excess contribution must also be removed. It is your responsibility to determine the net income attributable to an excess that is being removed before the deadline. We do not calculate nor verify this amount.

### Contribution

The amount of the excess contribution to be removed. \$

### Total Earnings

The total earnings on the IRA are determined in the following manner.

Determine the IRA balance as of the date of distribution	\$	<input type="text"/>
Add the amount of any distributions taken after the excess contribution was made and before the excess is distributed	+ \$	<input type="text"/>
Subtract the balance of the IRA immediately before the excess contribution was made	- \$	<input type="text"/>
Subtract the excess contribution and all subsequent contributions made before the excess is distributed	- \$	<input type="text"/>
Subtract any time deposit (or other investment) penalties that will be applied due to the distribution of the excess	- \$	<input type="text"/>
<b>TOTAL EARNINGS:</b>	\$	<input type="text"/>

### Adjusted Opening Balance

The adjusted opening balance is the balance of the IRA immediately before the excess contribution was made plus the excess contribution and all subsequent contributions made before the excess removal. \$

### Net Income Attributable

$$\frac{\$ \text{  (Contribution) \times \$ \text{  (Total Earnings)}}{\$ \text{  (Adjusted Opening Balance)}} = \$ \text{  (Net Income Attributable)}$$

### Total Distribution Amount

The total amount to be distributed equals the contribution amount to be removed plus the net income attributable. \$

**NOTE:** If the net income attributable is negative, reduce the amount of the excess contribution by the negative amount.

# State Income Tax Withholding Guide for IRA Distributions

*This guide provides general information about state withholding requirements for IRA distributions. It is not intended to provide a complete overview of state withholding rules and regulations. The information in this guide was obtained from state revenue authorities, and every effort has been made to ensure its accuracy. Because state tax laws are subject to constant change, often without prior notice, the accuracy of the information cannot be guaranteed beyond the revision date of this guide.*

## General Rules

In most cases, state withholding applies to state residents only. In Maine, Massachusetts, Montana, Nebraska, Oregon, and Wisconsin, state withholding also applies to individuals required to file a state tax return in that state.

If a state withholding election is not made and state withholding is required, state tax will be withheld.

A state withholding election may be changed at any time, applicable to payments made after the change.

## State-Specific Rules

**ARKANSAS.** IRA distributions are subject to state withholding at 3.0% of the gross payment unless the IRA owner elects no state withholding.

**CALIFORNIA.** IRA distributions are subject to state withholding at 1.0% of the gross payment unless the IRA owner elects no state withholding.

**CONNECTICUT.** Taxable lump-sum IRA distributions are subject to mandatory state withholding at 6.99% of the gross payment. Any other taxable distribution from an IRA is subject to state withholding at 6.99% of the gross payment, unless the IRA owner furnishes the financial organization with a completed Form CT-W4P. Form CT-W4P may be obtained from the Connecticut Department of Revenue Services.

**DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.** Lump-sum IRA distributions are subject to mandatory state withholding at 10.75% of the gross payment, except for any after-tax amount in a lump-sum distribution or a trustee-to-trustee transfer between IRAs.

**IOWA.** IRA distributions are subject to state withholding at 5.0% of the gross payment if federal income taxes are withheld from the payment.

**KANSAS.** IRA distributions are subject to state withholding at 5.0% of the gross payment if federal income taxes are withheld from the payment or if the IRA owner requests state withholding in writing.

**LOUISIANA.** IRA distributions are subject to state withholding only when the IRA owner elects state withholding and specifies a percentage not to exceed 4.8% of the gross payment.

**MAINE.** IRA distributions are subject to state withholding at 5.0% of the gross payment if federal income taxes are withheld from that payment.

**MASSACHUSETTS.** IRA distributions are subject to state withholding at 5.0% of the gross payment if federal income taxes are withheld from the payment. (EXCEPTION: A payment is not subject to state withholding if it is excluded from taxation under Massachusetts law.)

**MICHIGAN.** Any taxable distribution from an IRA received by an IRA owner or beneficiary born after December 31, 1945, is subject to state withholding at 4.25% of the gross payment, unless the IRA owner provides the financial organization with a completed Form MI W-4P. Withholding also applies to any taxable distributions received by an IRA owner or beneficiary born before 1946 that exceeds certain income thresholds. Withholding is not required on qualified distributions from Roth IRAs. Form MI W-4P may be obtained from the Michigan Department of Treasury.

**MINNESOTA.** IRA distributions are subject to mandatory state withholding. The IRA owner must furnish the financial organization with a completed Form W-4MNP to make a withholding election or to elect no state withholding. If the IRA owner fails to furnish the financial organization with a completed Form W-4MNP, the financial organization must withhold state tax as if the IRA owner is single with zero withholding allowances. Form W-4MNP may be obtained from the Minnesota Department of Revenue.

**MISSOURI.** IRA distributions are subject to state withholding at 5.4% of the gross payment, unless the IRA owner elects no state withholding.

**MONTANA.** IRA distributions are subject to state withholding when an IRA owner elects state withholding and specifies an amount. If state withholding is elected, the financial organization is not required to withhold the amount specified if it would result in a net payment of less than \$10.

**NEBRASKA.** IRA distributions are subject to state withholding at 5.0% of the gross payment if federal income taxes are withheld from the payment or if the IRA owner requests state withholding in writing.

**NEW JERSEY.** IRA distributions are subject to state withholding when an IRA owner elects state withholding and specifies an amount. The IRA owner must specify an even dollar amount. If state withholding is elected, the financial organization is not required to withhold the amount specified if the withheld amount would be less than \$10 (per payment).

**NORTH CAROLINA.** IRA distributions are subject to state withholding at 4.0% of the gross payment unless the IRA owner furnishes the financial organization with a completed Form NC-4P. Form NC-4P may be obtained from the North Carolina Department of Revenue.

**OKLAHOMA.** IRA distributions are subject to state withholding at 5.0% of the gross payment if federal income taxes are withheld from the payment or if the IRA owner requests state withholding in writing.

**OREGON.** IRA distributions are subject to state withholding at 8.0% of the gross payment unless the IRA owner elects no state withholding.

**VERMONT.** IRA distributions are subject to state withholding at 3.0% of the gross payment if federal income taxes are withheld from the payment or if the IRA owner requests state withholding in writing.

**WISCONSIN.** IRA distributions are subject to state withholding when an IRA owner elects state withholding and specifies an amount. If state withholding is elected, the financial organization is not required to withhold the amount specified if the withheld amount would be less than \$5 (per payment).

# Withholding Instructions

Form W-4R/OMB No. 1545-0074

## General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code.

**Future developments.** For the latest information about any future developments related to Form W-4R, such as legislation enacted after it was published, go to [www.irs.gov/FormW4R](http://www.irs.gov/FormW4R).

**Purpose of form.** Complete Form W-4R to have payers withhold the correct amount of federal income tax from your nonperiodic payment or eligible rollover distribution from an employer retirement plan, annuity (including a commercial annuity), or individual retirement arrangement (IRA). See below for the rules and options that are available for each type of payment. Don't use Form W-4R for periodic payments (payments made in installments at regular intervals over a period of more than 1 year) from these plans or arrangements. Instead, use Form W-4P, *Withholding Certificate for Periodic Pension or Annuity Payments*. For more information on withholding, see Pub. 505, *Tax Withholding and Estimated Tax*.

**Caution:** If you have too little tax withheld, you will generally owe tax when you file your tax return and may owe a penalty unless you make timely payments of estimated tax. If too much tax is withheld, you will generally be due a refund when you file your tax return. Your withholding choice (or an election not to have withholding on a nonperiodic payment) will generally apply to any future payment from the same plan or IRA. Submit a new Form W-4R if you want to change your election.

**Nonperiodic payments—10% withholding.** Your payer must withhold at a default 10% rate from the taxable amount of nonperiodic payments unless you enter a different rate in the Withholding Election section. Distributions from an IRA that are payable on demand are treated as nonperiodic payments. Note that the default rate of withholding may not be appropriate for your tax situation. You may choose to have no federal income tax withheld by entering “-0-” in the Withholding Election section. See the specific instructions below for more information. Generally, you are not permitted to elect to have federal income tax withheld at a rate of less than 10% (including “-0-”) on any payments to be delivered outside the United States and its possessions.

**NOTE:** If you don't give Form W-4R to your payer, you don't provide an SSN, or the IRS notifies the payer that you gave an incorrect SSN, then the payer must withhold 10% of the payment for federal income tax and can't honor requests to have a lower (or no) amount withheld. Generally, for payments that began before 2022, your current withholding election (or your default rate) remains in effect unless you submit a Form W-4R.

**Payments to nonresident aliens and foreign estates.** Do not use Form W-4R. See Pub. 515, *Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities*, and Pub. 519, *U.S. Tax Guide for Aliens*, for more information.

**Tax relief for victims of terrorist attacks.** If your disability payments for injuries incurred as a direct result of a terrorist attack are not taxable, enter “-0-” in the Withholding Election section. See Pub. 3920, *Tax Relief for Victims of Terrorist Attacks*, for more details.

### 2022 Marginal Rate Tables

You may use these tables to help you select the appropriate withholding rate for this payment or distribution. Add your income from all sources and use the column that matches your filing status to find the corresponding rate of withholding. See the instructions for more information on how to use this table.

Single or Married Filing Separately		Married Filing Jointly or Qualifying Widow(er)		Head of Household	
Total income over—	Tax rate for every dollar more	Total income over—	Tax rate for every dollar more	Total income over—	Tax rate for every dollar more
\$0	0%	\$0	0%	\$0	0%
12,950	10%	25,900	10%	19,400	10%
23,225	12%	46,450	12%	34,050	12%
54,725	22%	109,450	22%	75,300	22%
102,025	24%	204,050	24%	108,450	24%
183,000	32%	366,000	32%	189,450	32%
228,900	35%	457,800	35%	235,350	35%
552,850*	37%	673,750	37%	559,300	37%

\* If married filing separately, use \$336,875 instead for this 37% rate.

## Specific Instructions

### Withholding Election

**More withholding.** If you want more than the default rate withheld from your payment, you may enter a higher rate in the Withholding Election section.

**Less withholding (nonperiodic payments only).** If permitted, you may enter a lower rate in the Withholding Election section (including “-0-”) if you want less than the 10% default rate withheld from your payment. If you have already paid, or plan to pay, your tax on this payment through other withholding or estimated tax payments, you may want to enter “-0-”.

**Suggestion for determining withholding.** Consider using the Marginal Rate Tables above to help you select the appropriate withholding rate for this payment or distribution. The tables are most accurate if the appropriate amount of tax on all other sources of income, deductions, and credits has been paid through other withholding or estimated tax payments. If the appropriate amount of tax on those sources of income has not been paid through other withholding or estimated tax payments, you can pay that tax through withholding on this payment by entering a rate that is greater than the rate in the Marginal Rate Tables.

The marginal tax rate is the rate of tax on each additional dollar of income you receive above a particular amount of income. You can use the table for your filing status as a guide to find a rate of withholding for amounts above the total income level in the table.

To determine the appropriate rate of withholding from the table, do the following. Step 1: Find the rate that corresponds with your total income not including the payment. Step 2: Add your total income and the taxable amount of the payment and find the corresponding rate. If these two rates are the same, enter that rate in the Withholding Election section. (See Example 1 below.)

If the two rates differ, multiply (a) the amount in the lower rate bracket by the rate for that bracket, and (b) the amount in the higher rate bracket by the rate for that bracket. Add these two numbers; this is the expected tax for this payment. To get the rate to have withheld, divide this amount by the taxable amount of the payment. Round up to the next whole number and enter that rate in the Withholding Election section. (See Example 2 below.)

If you prefer a simpler approach (but one that may lead to overwithholding), find the rate that corresponds to your total income including the payment and enter that rate in the Withholding Election section.

**Examples.** Assume the following facts for Examples 1 and 2. Your filing status is single. You expect the taxable amount of your payment to be \$20,000. Appropriate amounts have been withheld for all other sources of income and any deductions or credits.

**Example 1.** You expect your total income to be \$60,000 without the payment. Step 1: Because your total income without the payment, \$60,000, is greater than \$54,725 but less than \$102,025, the corresponding rate is 22%. Step 2: Because your total income with the payment, \$80,000, is greater than \$54,725 but less than \$102,025, the corresponding rate is 22%. Because these two rates are the same, enter “22” in the Withholding Election section.

**Example 2.** You expect your total income to be \$42,500 without the payment. Step 1: Because your total income without the payment, \$42,500, is greater than \$23,225 but less than \$54,725, the corresponding rate is 12%. Step 2: Because your total income with the payment, \$62,500, is greater than \$54,725 but less than \$102,025, the corresponding rate is 22%. The two rates differ. \$12,225 of the \$20,000 payment is in the lower bracket (\$54,725 less your total income of \$42,500 without the payment), and \$7,775 is in the higher bracket (\$20,000 less the \$12,225 that is in the lower bracket). Multiply \$12,225 by 12% to get \$1,467. Multiply \$7,775 by 22% to get \$1,710.50. The sum of these two amounts is \$3,177.50. This is the estimated tax on your payment. This amount corresponds to 15.9% of the \$20,000 payment (\$3,177.50 divided by \$20,000). Rounding up to the next whole number, enter “16” in the Withholding Election section.

**Privacy Act and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice.** The IRS asks for the information on this form to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. You are required to provide this information only if you want to (a) request additional federal income tax withholding from your nonperiodic payment(s) or eligible rollover distribution(s); (b) choose not to have federal income tax withheld from your nonperiodic payment(s), when permitted; or (c) change a previous Form W-4R (or a previous Form W-4P that you completed with respect to your nonperiodic payments or eligible rollover distributions). To do any of the aforementioned, you are required by sections 3405(e) and 6109 and their regulations to provide the information requested on this form. Failure to provide this information may result in inaccurate withholding on your payment(s). Failure to provide a properly completed form will result in your payment(s) being subject to the default rate; providing fraudulent information may subject you to penalties.

Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation, and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths and possessions for use in administering their tax laws. The IRS may also disclose this information to other countries under a tax treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce federal nontax criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism.

You are not required to provide the information requested on a form that is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless the form displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a form or its instructions must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any Internal Revenue law. Generally, tax returns and return information are confidential, as required by section 6103.

The average time and expenses required to complete and file this form will vary depending on individual circumstances. For estimated averages, see the instructions for your income tax return.

If you have suggestions for making this form simpler, the IRS would be happy to hear from you. See the instructions for your income tax return.